

Your name: .....

Names of people you worked with: .....

**Task:**

Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \sim \text{Gamma}(10, \theta)$ ,  $E[X] = 10/\theta$ .  
Find  $T = r(\underline{X})$  such that for  $\theta_1 < \theta_2$ :

$$\frac{f(\underline{x}|\theta_2)}{f(\underline{x}|\theta_1)}$$

- depends on  $\underline{x}$  only through  $T$
- is a nondecreasing function of  $T$  over the range of possible values of  $T$

**Solution:**

$$\begin{aligned} f(x|\theta) &= \frac{\theta^{10}}{\Gamma(10)} x^{10-1} e^{-x\theta} \quad 0 \leq x \leq \infty \quad \text{let } \theta_1 < \theta_2 \\ \frac{f(\underline{x}|\theta_2)}{f(\underline{x}|\theta_1)} &= \frac{\theta_2^{10n}}{\theta_1^{10n}} e^{-\sum x_i \theta_2 + \sum x_i \theta_1} \\ &= \left(\frac{\theta_2}{\theta_1}\right)^{10n} e^{-\sum x_i (\theta_2 - \theta_1)} \\ T &= -\sum X_i \end{aligned}$$

$f(\underline{X}|\theta)$  has a monotone likelihood ratio in  $-\sum X_i$ .